

STRONG PROTEST OF UNION LABOR

Twenty Thousand Men and Women Parade in Sympathy With Moyer and Haywood.

PRESIDENT IS DENOUNCED

FAIR TRIAL ALL THAT IS ASKED.

New York, May 4.—Two long lines of men and women, probably 20,000 of them, trailed through the streets of the upper and lower East Side today as a demonstration of their sympathy for Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone, officials of the Western Federation of Miners. A part of the paraders crowded Grand Central Palace to wind up the demonstration in one of the biggest union labor and socialistic meetings seen in New York in a long time.

There was no disorder. Here and there would come a faint cheer, particularly on the downtown streets, but as a rule the crowds viewed the marchers, who made little attempt at parade function, with only curiosity.

The first real enthusiasm came after the crowd had entered the hall, when a five and drum corps played the "Marseillaise." The crowd howled and scores waved small red flags.

Hisses for Roosevelt.

The meeting was called to order by John C. Chase, secretary of the Socialist party, who introduced Morris Hilquist as chairman. When the chairman mentioned President Roosevelt the name was received with a storm of hisses.

"If he has any information regarding the guilt of these men, it is his duty to give that information to the people," he said.

His defense of Debs was received with prolonged cheers. It was not, said the speakers, the fact that Debs, Moyer and Haywood had disobeyed the laws or done any of the things with which they have been charged that made them "undesirable citizens."

"The undesirable citizens," to the laboring men, are the capitalists, the mine owners, the governors of the state of Colorado and Idaho.

The "Undesirable Citizen."

"To us," he said, "the man who has been elected to the highest office in the land and who uses his power to trample down men whose very lives depend on the openness and fairness of the public mind, has violated his solemn oath. He is the 'undesirable citizen.'"

Joseph Vanhope, editor of a Socialistic newspaper, spoke for an hour. He had personally interviewed the case, both in Colorado and Idaho, he said. He devoted much of his attention to the president and to the "capitalistic subsidized press."

He declared that Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone were entirely innocent and their prosecution was the result of a great conspiracy of the mine owners, the Pinkertons and Wall Street.

Resolutions protesting against every

step of the case, the president's statements regarding them and the Idaho authorities' action in appropriating money for their prosecution were adopted. A copy of the resolutions is to be sent to every member of congress, the justices of the supreme court and the president. A collection was taken up for the defense fund.

Fair Trial Asked.

Following this, William A. Conkley, representing the Central Federated union, spoke. Organized labor, he said, will be with the officers of the Western Federation of Miners in every way under the law. "Organized law is not for treason," he said. "We are Americans, first, last and all the time. We believe that the constitution grants to these men and to every other man a free and fair trial, and we are going to see that they get that fair trial, even if we have to go to Washington for it. Organized labor believes these men are innocent, and has gone into its pocket to prove them so. All we ask is a fair trial. If Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone are guilty of this crime they ought to be hanged. But if they are innocent, and we believe they are, they must go free."

MOYER-HAYWOOD CASE FILLS THE PUBLIC EYE

Continued from Page 1.

Jury jurors for such length of time, subject to call, and that at the time the conversation took place neither Yost nor Waggoner could have known that Waggoner was on the venire in the Haywood case.

Twenty Dollars Offered.

It appeared from the evidence that Yost offered Waggoner twenty dollars to poll the White Cross precinct of Adams county as to their attitude on the Moyer, Haywood and Pettibone case. Yost further stated, according to Waggoner, that the men on trial for the murder of former Governor Steiensenberg were being "railroaded" through to the gallows. Waggoner refused to take the money or to poll the precinct, stating to Yost that he was on the jury at that time and had only been excused for one day; that he was very busy with his farm and could not do the work. Waggoner testified that he told Yost he was no friend of Governor Gooding or the state administration and, according to the testimony he gave as his reason for not undertaking the work, the lack of time.

The hearing attracted little attention. There were only fifteen people present in the court room during the trial of the case, and this number included witnesses, attorneys and the newspaper men.

DECLINED TO TALK.

London, May 4.—Sir William Ramsay of Cambridge university, who is reported to have succeeded in producing copper by the synthetic, or combination process, from the elements of sodium, lithium and potassium, was questioned upon the subject today by a representative of the Associated Press, but declined to affirm or deny the report.

INJUNCTION DISSOLVED.

Memphis, Tenn., May 4.—Chancellor Heiskell today handed down his decision dissolving the temporary injunction recently granted against the newly appointed city commissioners taking their seats. The effect of the decision means that Mayor Malone and the city council must give way to the five commissioners recently appointed by Governor Patterson to govern the city.

Our Grill Room at the Royal Cafe is open daily from 4 to 12 p. m.

Garfield Excursion Sunday, 50c.

CORN PRODUCTS COMPANY SCRAP

Makers of Various Things Accuse Standard Oil of Creating Monopoly.

RECEIVER IS DEMANDED

ALLEGATIONS CONTAINED IN COMPLAINT.

Chicago, May 4.—The Chicago Real Estate, Loan & Trust company today filed a bill of complaint in the county court asking for a decree requiring a reorganization of the Corn Products company under the direction of the court, and that a receiver be furnished for the plants of the company in this state. The court is also asked to enjoin the Corn Products company, the Corn Products Refining company and the Glucose Sugar Refining company and the officers of these companies from selling or conveying to the Corn Products Refining company any property now in the name of the Glucose Sugar Refining company.

After reciting the history of the formation of the Corn Products company, it is set forth in the bill that 51 per cent of the stock of the Corn Products company is held in the name of E. T. Bedford and his associates, whom the bill declares are "commonly known as the Standard Oil people."

Conspiracy Charged.

Prior to Jan. 1, 1906, it is averred in the bill, that C. H. Matthiessen, Norman D. Ream, William W. Heaton, Joy Morton, J. B. Greenhut, C. L. Glass, W. J. Calhoun, W. T. Gorman, T. B. Wagner, T. B. Heizer, H. B. Kingsford and F. C. Sherwood, as officers and directors of the Corn Products company, combined with the Standard Oil people, who were officers and directors of the New York Glucose company, to defraud the complaining company of its stock.

"The methods of conspiracy," it is said in the bill, "include the formation of a corporation known as the Corn Products Refining company, owned by C. H. Matthiessen, Norman D. Ream and others whose names have not been learned. As part of the conspiracy, C. H. Matthiessen and his co-directors gave E. T. Bedford and his assistants control of the Corn Products company, with all its trade secrets and factories."

It is said that the stockholders of the Corn Products company were discouraged as much as possible by such reports as would induce them to sell out or transfer their stock.

Standard Oil Attacked.

The bill further declares "from the beginning the company has been subjected to attacks by the Standard Oil company. One method was the construction of a factory for the New York Glucose company, Bedford and

his associates. This method failed and it was then attempted to buy the stock of the Corn Products company by depressing the stock value by the sales of large quantities of stock on different exchanges in immense amounts and buying it again at a lower figure. The \$50,000,000 of common stock was cut down by false sales to one-tenth of its supposed value, while \$20,000,000 of preferred stock was depreciated to one-quarter of its par value. Some days nearly the full amount of the entire stock issues were sold, although the sales were false and fraudulent."

Other steps in the alleged conspiracy are declared to have been the purchase of the Wagner factory in Lake county, Illinois, and the St. Louis factory. The bill then declares "the conspirators are now planning to cause all of the property and business of the Corn Products company to be transferred to the Corn Products Refining company and to permanently destroy the value of stock held by the complainants."

Market Shoved Down.

The market for glucose and starch has been allowed to fall as far as possible into the hands of the factories owned by Bedford and others, and absolute monopoly has been created. The new company is fixing prices to suit itself, and the public must pay whatever Bedford and his Standard Oil friends demand.

It is further declared that the payment of quarterly dividends has ceased and that the stock has been fraudulently taken from all exchanges.

In conclusion the bill declares that the Corn Products Refining company is a trust, operating in opposition to the laws of Illinois, and the court is asked to take action in the premises.

The application will not be heard for a week or ten days, as it is necessary for the complainants to give five days' notice of the application for an injunction and the appointment of a receiver, unless there is urgent necessity for immediate action.

RACE POSTPONED.

Annapolis, May 4.—The two-mile boat race between the Yale university eight and the first crew of the Naval academy, which was to have been rowed over the Severn river course here today, was postponed until Monday because of bad weather conditions.

ECZEMA SUFFERERS!

Get a Sample Bottle of That Refreshing Liquid D. D. D. Prescription (Externally Used)—INSTANT Relief.

Is there any sufferer from skin diseases—eczema, psoriasis, or kindred ailment—who could read the following and fail to take advantage of the offer?

A trial bottle of that thoroughly-proven remedy—D. D. D. Prescription—a remedy used EXTERNALLY and endorsed by physicians—this trial bottle at less than cost of postage and packing.

We KNOW that the INSTANT relief you apply a few drops of D. D. D. liquid to that awful itching skin, the agony is gone—you are soothed, refreshed, free from that itch. Soon there are signs of cure. Is not this worth a TRIAL?

Send 10 cents (silver or stamps) to the D. D. D. Company's laboratory, and get a trial bottle of this EXTERNAL remedy. We know you'll go to your druggist after the trial and get a regular bottle at \$1. Send no time today to the D. D. D. Company, Suite X, 112-120 Michigan St., Chicago.

TRUE BILLS BY THE GRAND JURY

Former Police Officials of Chicago Indicted for Recent Campaign Work.

FOUR AGAINST J. M. COLLINS

BONDS OF THE CHIEF PLACED AT \$15,000.

Chicago, May 4.—The grand jury today returned four joint indictments against former Chief of Police John M. Collins and five other police and city officials in connection with alleged corruption in the city police department. The action follows an allegation that the police force had been used during the recent mayoralty campaign to further the interests of former Mayor Dunne.

Those indicted are: John M. Collins, former chief of police; William L. O'Connell, former commissioner of public works and chairman of the Democratic city committee; Edmund H. Roche, city purchasing agent and member of the Democratic city committee; Frank D. Comerford, former police attorney, and Detective James McGrath and Patrick McNulty.

In its report the grand jury stated that "while the evidence has caused us to hold the former chief of police and his associates in the unlawful transactions chiefly responsible for the transgressions, we consider the inspectors, captains and lieutenants guilty of reprehensible conduct and deserving of severe censure."

Grat of Indictments.

First, against Collins, for mutilation of official records of the police department.

Second, against Collins and Comerford for conspiracy to do an illegal act by taking from the service a police officer and directing him on special work in behalf of the Democratic party.

Third, against Collins, Roche and O'Connell for conspiracy to do an illegal act in violation of the civil service laws.

Fourth, against McGrath and McNulty, for conspiracy in soliciting and receiving bribes for political work.

The penalty for the "mutilation of official records" is imprisonment for from one to five years while that for the offense charged against Collins and Comerford is a fine of not to exceed \$2,000, or imprisonment from one to five years, or both.

The bonds of former Chief Collins were placed at \$15,000. The bonds of O'Connell, Roche and Comerford, \$5,000 each, and that of the two detectives, \$2,000 each.

A special meeting of Reynolds Circle No. 1, G. A. R., is called for Monday at 2 p. m. Odd Fellows hall. Business of importance.

EXPERT KODAK FINISHING.
Harry Shipley, commercial photographer, 151 So. Main St.

We have moved to 143 Main street, Salt Lake Photo Supply Co.
Our Grill Room at the Royal Cafe is open daily from 4 to 12 p. m.

For refreshment, while crossing the hot sands of the desert on their way to Mecca, at Los Angeles, the visiting Shriners and their ladies bought box after box of McDonald's Dutch Chocolates.

(On Everybody's Tongue.)



They all knew of McDonald's Chocolates—one of the first things they asked about when they reached Salt Lake.

Home people know about them, too.

Wherever candy is sold the inquiry is for Dutch Chocolates.

Specialization will tell! And now that McDonald is making chocolates exclusively his business is forging away ahead.

By the way, Sunday is chocolate day—take her a box of McDonald's Dutch Chocolates, 30 cents the half pound; 60 cents the pound.

FREMONT FOUND GUILTY

Son of the Pathfinder Loses 60 Numbers in Military Rank—Comment of General Grant.

New York, May 4.—The Tribune tomorrow will say:

Major Francis P. Fremont, of the Fifth United States infantry, who was tried before a general court-martial, has been found guilty of seven out of twelve specifications.

The court sentenced him to lose sixty files in military rank on the list of majors of infantry.

In forwarding the report and his approval of the sentence to Washington, Major General Grant inclosed the following comment:

"The facts found by the court that he borrowed money on promises of payment from his official pay, which payment he has neglected and evaded to the scandal and disgrace of the military service, undoubtedly constitute conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, in violation of the sixty-first article of war, and should have been so found. The finding that such conduct is only prejudicial to good order and military discipline tends, by the force it gains from the length of service and high rank of the members of the court, to lower the standard of in-

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tegrity to which officers of the army should be held and to detract from the benefit which should flow from this trial.

KILLED IN COLLISION.

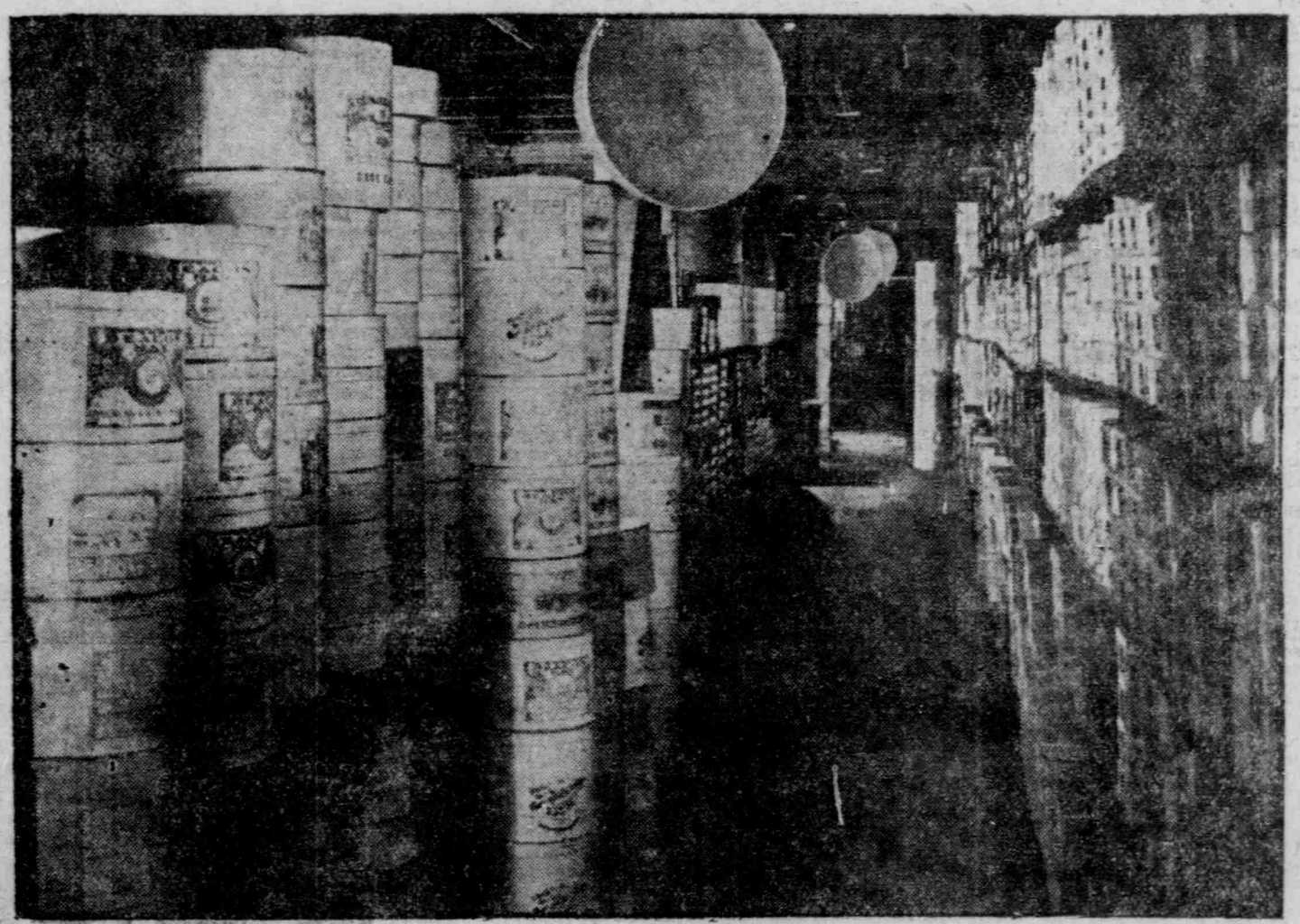
New Castle, Wyo., May 4.—Mrs. M. F. Bitterick, wife of the Burlington railroad section foreman at Marietta, and Mrs. Joseph Wilson were killed today in a collision on the Burlington railroad about five miles from Marietta, between a hand car on which they had started for Edgemont, and a freight train. The car and train met on a curve.

I GO ANYWHERE

To photograph anything.
Harry Shipley, commercial photographer, 151 So. Main. Both 'phones.

Our Grill Room at the Royal Cafe is open daily from 4 to 12 p. m.
Music at the Royal Saturday evening.

A Place to Buy Your Haberdashery



THE picture today shows the Furnishing Goods side of our store. Men who discriminate have come to look upon this as the headquarters for correct things to complete their wardrobes. All the leading makers of Men's Goods in the world are represented here and no stock in any city could be more carefully selected. We have added also, a picture of our reserve stock of furnishings, which is not generally seen on account of being kept in the basement. It merely helps to show you what sort of preparations we make to see that Salt Lake men shall not be deprived of the best things on earth to wear. This is a partial list of what tends to make up a first-class store for men. E. & W. and Arrow brand Collars; French, German, Domestic and English Hosiery; Perrins, Fownes and Dents Gloves; Kaiser's Neckwear; Steiner's Nightrobes and Pajamas; Underwear of all kinds. Our Shirts are made bearing our own label and guaranteed by us. Suspenders, Belts, Umbrellas and Canes.

The man who wants appropriate things to go with Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes can find them here.

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